U.S. Census Bureau

American FactFinder

Alaska

S1802. Selected Economic Characteristics for the Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population By Disability Status
Data Set: 2007 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	Margin of Error	With a Disability	Margin of Error	No Disability	Margin of Error
Population Age 16 and Over	503,921	+/-2,418	84,474	+/-3,751	419,447	+/-4,418
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	000,021	., _,	0 1, 11 1	., 0,. 0.	,	., .,
Employed	65.3%	+/-0.9	33.4%	+/-2.3	71.7%	+/-1.1
Not in Labor Force	28.4%	+/-0.8	59.4%	+/-2.5	22.2%	+/-1.0
Employed Population Age 16 and Over	329,069	+/-4,584	28,245	+/-2,403	300,824	+/-4,941
CLASS OF WORKER						
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	57.9%	+/-1.5	56.1%	+/-4.2	58.1%	+/-1.4
Employee of private company workers	55.1%	+/-1.4	52.6%	+/-4.4	55.4%	+/-1.4
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	2.8%	+/-0.5	3.6%	+/-2.0	2.7%	+/-0.5
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	9.3%	+/-0.8	7.8%	+/-2.2	9.5%	+/-0.9
Local government workers	8.8%	+/-0.7	7.6%	+/-1.6	8.9%	+/-0.7
State government workers	8.8%	+/-0.7	10.7%	+/-2.5	8.6%	+/-0.7
Federal government workers	6.8%	+/-0.7	5.9%	+/-2.5	6.9%	+/-0.8
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	8.0%	+/-0.9	10.9%	+/-2.5	7.8%	+/-0.9
Unpaid family workers	0.4%	+/-0.2	0.9%	+/-1.0	0.4%	+/-0.2
OCCUPATION						
Management, professional, and related occupations	34.3%	+/-1.2	26.7%	+/-4.0	35.0%	+/-1.3
Service occupations	18.0%	+/-1.0	23.2%	+/-3.7	17.5%	+/-1.0
Sales and office occupations	23.3%	+/-1.2	23.1%	+/-3.8	23.3%	+/-1.2
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	1.3%	+/-0.3	1.3%	+/-1.1	1.3%	+/-0.3
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	12.1%	+/-1.0	14.1%	+/-3.1	11.9%	+/-1.0
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	11.0%	+/-0.9	11.6%	+/-2.6	10.9%	+/-0.9
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INDUSTRY		<u> </u>		П		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	4.9%	+/-0.5	3.4%	+/-1.5	5.0%	+/-0.5
Construction	8.7%	+/-0.9	9.0%	+/-2.5	8.7%	+/-0.9
Manufacturing	4.3%	+/-0.4	3.5%	+/-1.6	4.4%	+/-0.5
Wholesale trade	2.0%	+/-0.4	2.2%	+/-1.6	1.9%	+/-0.4
Retail trade	10.4%	+/-0.8	11.1%	+/-3.2	10.3%	+/-0.8
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	8.1%	+/-0.7	6.8%	+/-2.2	8.2%	+/-0.8
Information	1.9%	+/-0.4	3.6%	+/-1.8	1.7%	+/-0.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	4.8%	+/-0.6	5.3%	+/-2.1	4.8%	+/-0.6

	Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized	Margin of	With a	Margin of	No	Margin of
Subject	Population	Error	Disability	Error	Disability	Error
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	8.5%	+/-0.9	7.2%	+/-2.3	8.6%	+/-0.9
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	22.2%	+/-1.1	19.1%	+/-3.1	22.5%	+/-1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	8.7%	+/-0.9	11.2%	+/-2.5	8.4%	+/-0.9
Other services (except public administration)	5.5%	+/-0.7	7.1%	+/-2.6	5.3%	+/-0.7
Public administration	10.1%	+/-0.8	10.6%	+/-2.5	10.0%	+/-0.8
COMMUTING TO WORK						
Workers Age 16 and Over	311,881	+/-5,069	25,224	+/-2,284	286,657	+/-5,270
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	66.3%	+/-1.4	59.6%	+/-5.2	66.9%	+/-1.4
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	13.7%	+/-1.2	15.6%	+/-4.3	13.5%	+/-1.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	1.5%	+/-0.3	2.3%	+/-1.4	1.4%	+/-0.3
Walked	8.6%	+/-0.7	11.4%	+/-2.8	8.4%	+/-0.7
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	4.7%	+/-0.6	4.1%	+/-1.7	4.8%	+/-0.6
Worked at home	5.3%	+/-0.7	6.9%	+/-2.2	5.1%	+/-0.8
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Population Age 25 and Over	407,817	+/-2,781	76,454	+/-3,634	331,363	+/-3,783
Less than high school graduate	9.6%	+/-2,761	22.6%	+/-3,634	6.6%	+/-3,763
High school graduate (includes	9.0%	+/-0.7	22.0%	+/-2.3	0.0%	+/-0.6
equivalency)	30.6%	+/-1.2	33.2%	+/-2.8	30.0%	+/-1.2
Some college or associate's degree	33.7%	+/-1.3	32.3%	+/-2.9	34.0%	+/-1.4
Bachelor's degree or higher	26.2%	+/-1.1	11.9%	+/-1.6	29.4%	+/-1.2
EARNINGS IN PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 20	07 INFLATION ADJUSTED DO	LLARS)				
Population Age 16 and over with earnings	394,192	+/-3,612	40,370	+/-2,856	353,822	+/-3,916
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	21.6%	+/-0.9	31.1%	+/-3.8	20.6%	+/-1.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6.2%	+/-0.6	6.2%	+/-1.6	6.2%	+/-0.7
\$15,000 to \$24,999	14.5%	+/-0.9	15.9%	+/-2.5	14.4%	+/-1.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	12.9%	+/-0.9	13.2%	+/-2.5	12.9%	+/-0.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	15.4%	+/-0.8	13.5%	+/-2.9	15.6%	+/-0.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	17.2%	+/-1.1	12.1%	+/-2.4	17.7%	+/-1.1
\$75,000 or more	12.2%	+/-0.8	8.0%	+/-2.0	12.7%	+/-0.9
Median Earnings	30,865	+/-593	23,275	+/-2,173	31,556	+/-612
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MC	ONTHS					
Population Age 16 and over for whom poverty status is determined	501,542	+/-2,418	84,101	+/-3,776	417,441	+/-4,423
Below 100 percent of the poverty level	8.2%	+/-0.7	12.6%	+/-1.8	7.3%	+/-0.7
100 to 149 percent of the poverty level	7.0%	+/-0.7	13.3%	+/-2.1	5.8%	+/-0.6
At or above 150 percent of the poverty level	84.8%	+/-0.9	74.1%	+/-2.4	86.9%	+/-0.9

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes

- ·Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.
- Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002. However, the Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.
- While the 2007 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2006 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2007

Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

-Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available. Selected migration, earnings, and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See Errata Note #44 for details.

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